

Mr. Driver: You said something just now about another article?

Mr. Johnson: Yes, I thought you were going to continue yourself to me.

Mr. Driver: Yes, but Mr. Dalgleish states that there is another line.

Mr. Johnson: In 1863, the rail rate had risen from 25 and 25.5s. to 28 10s. and 27 6s., rails were purchased for the colony at 27 12s. 6d. and oak, landed in the colony, at 25 10s. 6d. and 25 10s. 6d. That is, they were delivered here cheaper than they were when rails in England were 22s. a ton less. Rails from the same source, and consequently of the same quality, were landed at 25 10s. 6d. and at another at a very little in excess of the market value,—and that when rails were dearest in England, and when the demand was greatest, and when the price in the London market by 22s. a ton, they were 21s. a ton cheaper here.

And was that some of the jobbing to which you alluded?

Mr. Johnson: I have no objection to that question. Is Mr. Dalgleish to be the judge of what is jobbery?

Mr. Driver: Did that appear to you to be jobbery?

Mr. Johnson: Yes, that is jobbery.

The question worse. There are some who cannot believe anything to be straightforward and who think everything jobbery. It may be Mr. Dalgleish's opinion that no advocate of the iron cause is a jobber, but I think that it is that they are all a set of people who would do any sort of dirty business if they are paid for it. What have we to do with Mr. Dalgleish's opinion, especially in relation to the question of the rails? There is no evidence for rails during a series of months or years not fluctuating with the fluctuating prices in the mother country, and that is the question. What there is plenty of evidence that there was a contract which made the price uniform. But we know nothing about these things and we do not know how to defend them, and more especially we do not know how to defend Mr. Dalgleish's opinion.

Mr. Driver: I am rather astonished at the argument of Mr. Johnson, and I am rather surprised at the examination of Mr. Dalgleish he had very frequently asked the question, "I suppose you impute whatever you do impute to the rails, and so on; and he has also asked him, "Is it not a 'misleading'?"

Mr. Johnson: I am not a re-examination quite competent for me to ask Mr. Dalgleish whether he considered that "jobbery," and whether that was the case. I am not a re-examination quite competent for me to ask him whether he considered that "jobbery," and whether that was the case. I am not a re-examination quite competent for me to ask him whether he considered that "jobbery," and whether that was the case.

Mr. Johnson: I will not trouble you with a reply.

The Bench: I rule that the question can be put.

Mr. Driver: You consider that jobbery? I consider the different prices.

The Bench: I answer the question.

The Witness: I consider it jobbery; and in explanation I will state that taking in conjunction with this price the different prices.

Mr. Johnson: What have we to do with Mr. Dalgleish's opinions?

The Bench: I shall simply take the evidence produced for the different prices. Mr. Dalgleish or anybody else is not to be the judge of what is jobbery.

Mr. Driver: Then I wish you, Worship had objected to Mr. Dalgleish when they were placed in it.

Mr. Driver: You consider it jobbery? I consider it jobbery.

And it was one of the transactions in which you alluded to in the article, and which you have said that it was as the rails which I have to say.

Mr. Johnson: I have to say that the rails which I have to say.

The Bench: That has all been placed in evidence.

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pleased to confer upon him, he felt that he could not do better than give them an account of his stewardship. And in addressing himself to this task, he would first treat of what had reference to local matters; and would, in the second place, then pass on to

much to be regretted that he should ever
 married. (Great laughter and cheers.) This great
 party, the Australian Goldmine, had provided the
 House had put aside, and had brought down as "cop-
 ies" estimates in which he proposed to spend more than his
 employer. He (Mr. Cunneen) had supported the last tariff of
 the Government, which was not a popular measure, and
 promised to vote against the two first. The two first were
 so far, then, they were too strong for all but those men who
 were determined to support the Government that they were
 unable to swallow. His speech might be placed in the com-
 monplace here precedent to analyze the tariffs of Sir. Bayar,
 strongly that they were so designed as to place heavy
 on articles of necessity in such a way as to leave the
 and that he did this at the same time that articles in
 ception by the wealthy were therein proposed to be taxed

of Campbelltown, Camden, and other localities enjoying special facilities afforded by railways for the transmission of produce to market. These other districts could expeditiously forward and realise produce for an outlay of five shillings; whilst it would

[illegible]

Mr. Lackey, and Mr. Leary, had all waited upon Mr. Cowper, and had obtained, through the urgency of the occasion, seed wheat for those farmers who could not otherwise obtain it, to the value of \$12,000 in one year (Chicago). And that some further

to the compliment was duly acknowledged, and terminated the proceedings.

ELECTIONEERING MEMS.

IN ELECTORATE.—A meeting of the friends of Mr. Closs and the school of arts, on Wednesday evening last, the one well filled. Mr. Whitehead was voted into and took it. In remarking upon the nature of the meeting, he ob-

plied to the butchers of Sydney, who had nobly co-operated with him by coming forward in their aid. A large supply of corn-beef was, in consequence, sent by the Sydney butchers to the Sydney railway station for transmission to that district, and £400 worth

would come forward and propose him. Mr. J. Fearar and woman having spoken, Mr. Close rose and said that prayer was the first thing he had a word or two to say. He told them he felt deeply sensible of the honour conferred by their attendance that evening. He came there to save souls much time and trouble, and to state definitely and clearly what he would represent the congregation to do. It was therefore useless getting a requisition to him. During the time he held his seat in the Assembly his own affairs had been neglected, and the authorities of his father demanded that he should return home. The next day he returned.

prepared to admit it was only right and equitable that the Government if indebted, ought not to be sheltered by an immunity which private persons did not possess. What they owed they ought to pay, and, if necessary, be compelled to

upon, and to assist in his (said) work by sending him the Martin Ministry. He had not found Mr. Camp-
 independent man. He had promised him his support,
 ing his principles to be such as he had represented. He
 not withdraw either his confidence or support until he
 had ground for so doing, and so long as Mr. Camp-
 liberal views he should have faith in him. A vote of
 to Mr. Ciose for his past political services having been
 as carried. Mr. Ciose returned his warmest thanks,
 making terminated.—*Morgant's Leader.*

MR. HUNTER ELECTORATE.—*Mr. Robert* Wisdom half a

also borne a prominent part in the repeal of the Broad-wheel Act. Broad wheels were not found to be at all suitable to the roads

[illegible]

object in view, by which it was proposed that all salaries ranging between £300 and £600 per annum should be subjected to a reduction of 15 per cent, and all salaries higher

Dr. LEE'S CANDIDATURE.—At a public meeting, held on Wednesday, a deputation of five gentlemen was appointed to call on Mr. Lee and request that he would stand for the contest for West Wiltland in favour of his brother, Mr. Lee, who would be more acceptable, it was the opinion of the meeting, to the general body of the voters. The result of their mission was made known on Thursday evening, at a meeting of Mr. Lee's manly friends, at the Harewood-Send, Mr. Lee thanked the deputation who had honoured the public meeting, and expressed his appreciation of the public opinion for the great honour that had conferred upon him. He said that as some length of time had elapsed, he could not assure it would afford him under other circumstances to their desire—and concluded by stating he would not come forward for the contest, but that he would not be sorry if he would not take his seat. Mr. Lee said he declined publicly to retire. Mr. Russell said that it was the general opinion of the meeting that evening, as well as of the committee, that, unless Mr. Lee resigned—and a third popular deputation could be obtained, the contest would be lost.

(Mr. Cunneen) had been strongly opposed to all this, and was still as much opposed to the whole system as ever he had been. He would now come to the question of government. He would not speak of that as a party man, but as an honest and indepen-

MARTIN LUTHER—On Wednesday evening, a service of the ecumenical West Mainland was held in the Stucco hall to hear Dr. Liddell, Moderator of the General Assembly, and his claims to be elected. The hall was filled to capacity; the gallery having been taken up by a number of ladies and ill-behaved boys, who came to see the ecumenical service. The chair was taken by Mr. Robert Buchanan, diocesan having obtained a large, and on the whole, a successful hearing on the important topic of the ecumenical service for Parliamentary honours, Mr. Buchanan proposed, and Mr. Liddell seconded, that Dr. Liddell is a fit and proper person to represent the electorate of West Mainland. Mr. Henderson moved, and Mr. Fox seconded, that the motion be not carried. Mr. Liddell then proposed to elect a committee. They both seemed to speak, but the meeting decided that they could not elect. When the chairman had said that, and that other hands were raised for the motion there were at least eight hands. The motion was then carried, and others were given for the candidate and the chairman, after which the meeting broke up. —*Scot. Daily News.*

when he had the chance, he was bound to give to the Cowper Government when it was in power, and that was the cause of the opposition which had been drawn from him as regarded the present Administration. The opponents of the Cowper Government

the representation of this electorate in the legislative assembly.

About eight o'clock, a very large number of persons, among whom were all the leading and influential persons in the city, Mr. F. W. Wright, of Buchanan, was called to the bar and introduced to the assembled assembly.

Mr. Walter Langer then rose, and with considerable effect, it seemed to me, by Mr. Anderson, by Mr. W. W. Wright, and by Mr. John A. Wilson, "that Mr. James Wallace is a fit and proper person to enter into his interests in the Legislative Assembly," which was sustained by only one dissenting voice—Mr. W. W. Wright.

Mr. Langer then introduced to the assembly the electors at Blindford, on Tuesday evening, and we adjourned.—*Continued from the Mercury.*

THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE PARLIAMENTARY TIMES OF THE DAY.

It appears, notwithstanding all that has been said to the contrary, that Mr. Walter Langer does intend to stand for the electors of Franklin, in the next election.

It is a fact, also, that the candidature of Mr. Langer for the electors of Buchanan, has been sent to the Hon. John Edwin Wilson for his consideration, and approved from that gentleman, so we are warranted in saying that we were not mistaken in our surmise.

At a late hour last night we were informed by Mr. J. J. O'Connell, that Mr. J. O. Walker's Liberator is also a candidate for representation of the Paterson Franchise, and that he will be with us to-day.

of the Chief Secretary there was an increase in Mr. Egar's estimates of not less than £20,000. ("Oh, oh," and cheers.) In the estimate for the administration of justice there was also a corresponding increase.

re-election for New England, and a committee was led to carry out the resolution.

TOMBATE OF THE GWYDRI.—We learn that Mr. T. C. Dangars, of Newbury, Vermont, will oppose Mr. F. T. Hamden for this seat. From all we can learn we believe the contest will be a close one, should both go on, the bill, —*Tamworth Express*, 18th Feb.

Majora Independent mentions the following case of

the higher pretensions and promises, the groundless character of which was now generally appreciated, for they were being swept away in every electorate throughout the country. (Cheers.) Such were some of the abortive results of the arrangements.

continued. The silver, although not destroyed, was much damaged.

10 holes best Scotch 5-ply sewing twine
5 ones (hardway in) and unbleached muslin

STANFORD and CO., sole agents, 874, FINE-STREET,

IRON FOLDING BEDSTRADEs and Mattresses for 20
Furlongs, FIVE, 161, Kent-street, by Geo. Pro.

ARMEN and EDMONDSON,
84, King Street.

Hack. **ROSEFOLK'S** Commissioning Station, 400, 27
St. Paul.

November, at 11 o'clock.
130 head of fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers.

1

HOUSE TO LET, Plymouth-street, 8 apartments, and a bath, a fine yard, water laid on, and a view of Dartmouth Harbour, next to Captain Crow's, a fine plain MURRAIL, Harris-street, with a large garden.

PARTRIENTS vacant, for a Lady and Gentlemen, or Gentlemen. Mrs. CLINTON, 24, Hanover-street.

PARTRIENTS, unfurnished, pleasantly situated, fronting the Bay, 61, Lower George-street street.

COMFORTABLE HOME for one or two respectable gentlemen, in Elm Court, through-street.

PARTRIENTS Vacant sitting-room and bedroom, furnished with or without furniture, 22 Wyndham-street, Belmarsh.

SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, to LET, in Stephen-street, Belmarsh.

AN OFFICE to LET, with or without outsize. Apply 81, New Pitt-street.

PARTRIENTS Vacant, Family and Single ROOMS, well-boarded, Wentworth House, 13, Church-lane.

ROOM to LET, for a gentleman, at 24, O'Connell-street, near Hibernia Hotel.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE in a private family, 119, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo. Terms moderate.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE, North Shore, for two gentlemen. Cards at Harrison and Attwood's, George-street.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE for a Married Couple or Lady or Gentlemen, 3, Devonshire-lane, William-street.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE for single gentlemen, and most reasonable terms, can be had at Mr. G. LITVANE's, Victoria Lanesboro Rooms, 21, Hatter-street.

CHAMBER—SNAIL'S BAY—TO LET, a Family RESIDENCE, with twelve rooms, kitchen, stable, passage, &c., lately occupied by Mr. Sedgwick.

CHAMBER, lately occupied by Mr. Sedgwick.

WELLING-HOUSE to LET, with immediate possession, that large corner house of fourteen apartments. No 2, College-buildings, a mile-and-a-half. Apply at Dr. LAMAR's.

CHAMBER, PARTRIENTS, and

FURNISHED BEDROOM for Gentlemen, 106, Liverpool-street, near George-street. Terms, 7s.

ROOM of 22 Acres, eight miles from Sydney, to be LET for 50 or 60 years, part cleared, and part in bush, suitable for shepherding man. Apply next Crown Inn, Back-street, pendale.

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE, Club House, or Family Residence, to LET. Situated in the prettiest position, there is a beautiful and convenient DWELLING HOUSE, with a large garden, and a beautiful view of the Port. The Office is a family locality, would be well suited for either a family residence, or a club house, and the land can be let separately or together, to suit the tenant, and is replete with every comfort and convenience, and the garden is planted with the most valuable species of trees. **ALEXANDER**, Iron Store, Market-street, or, Margaret-street, Wynyard-square.

BEACH—FURNISHED COTTAGE, to let. Address, 10, Market-street.

OFFICE TO BOAT BUILDERS—TO LET. A BUSINESS PREMISES, in Devon-street. Apply to **HUCKLEY**, Darling Harbour Boat Club.

LANDWICK.—TO LET, AILSA HOUSE, containing ten rooms, stable, &c., commanding a beautiful view of the harbour, at present occupied by the Rev. Mr. Ailsh; rent only £10 per annum. Apply to **WILLIAM T. DICKINSON**, and CO., Charlotte-place.

HOUSES, George-street, Brickfield-hill.—TO LET, two streets, **SEBAST**, double front, with plate-pavement, and a large verandah; rent £2 10s per week. Apply to **LENNON** and **CAPL**, 136, Pitt-street.

MR. O'KEEFE, saddler, corner George and Gloucester-street.

WANTED TO LET, the **SHOP** of Premises at present occupied as a Fire Engine Station. Situated at York-street, 475, George-street, near Bathurst-street. Apply to **FRANKLIN**, 10, York-street.

PREMIER APARTMENTS, furnished or unfurnished. 35, Sandalwood-place, Prince-street. Rent, 10s.

LET, 202, Palmer-street, 6-roomed House. Apply to **MR. CHAB**, Victoria Inn; or at 93, Elizabeth-street.

LET, No. 6, Rider-lane, 6-roomed House. Apply to **MR. PHAROS**, 288, Crown-street; or 97, Elizabeth-street.

LET, a SHOP, in Harley-street, Finsbury. Apply at 23, Great South-st., to GEORGE BROWN.

LET HOUSE, 102, Brixton-road, 4 rooms, bath and kitchen, with stabling. 174, Liverpool-st. East.

LET, No. 19, Lower Port-street. Apply to Mr. BUCHANAN, General Post Office.

LET, commodious HOUSE and PHINRIE'S (formerly 25, St. James's-st.) in Grosvenor-st., near St. John's Church. Apply to JAMES WATSON, 86, Pall-mall.

LET, one large front ROOM and two BEDROOMS, unfurnished. J. HANDS, 38, Park-street.

LET, adjoining Lord Nelson Hotel, Miller's Pat, comfortable APARTMENTS.

LET a HOUSE and SHOP, in King-street, near the Theatre-Royal. Apply to J. S. High-street.

LET a HOUSE, 4 rooms, kitchen, Crown-stairs, opposite Primitive Chapel. Apply at 5, High-street.

LET, a Draper's SHOP, with fixtures, lately occupied by J. Ryall, 79, Parmenter-street.

LET, No. 15, High-street. Apply to Mr. P. H. KURRUM, 10, W. End, Cannon-st.

LET, in Market-st., a HOUSE, 5 rooms. Ward laid on. Apply 7, Harriet-street, Woolwichman.

TWO HOUSES, each six rooms, Baptist-terrace, Crown-st., Surry Hills, near Blain's Head.

LET TWO HOUSES with large yard and stable, opposite SHIP-buildings, Riley-street. Apply 10, -street.

LET, a newly-built HOUSE, in Philip-street, containing
only apartments. Apply No. 1, Cambridge-street.

O respectable gentlemen can be accommodated with
BOARD and LODGINGS, where none others are
any applying at Louisa-terrace, Bathurst-street East.

LET, a HOUSE in Hurbury-terrace, Marguerite-
terrace, contains 7 rooms. Apply on the premises,
in 10 to 12 o'clock, or to C. H. MYLES, 34, Can-
al-street.

LET, a first-class HOTEL, adjoining and communi-
cating with Prince of Wales Terrace. Rent mod-
erate. Pictures reduced in price. H. M. FITZGERALD,
field, Richmond, Middlesex.

LET, No. 1, Fitzroy-terrace, Fitz-street, Richmond,
four rooms, kitchen, and room over; verandah and
garden in front. Apply J. BRUSH, corner of
and Fitz streets, Bathurst; or 467, George-street,
Sydney.

LET, from the 29th instant, the large central SHOP
**and DWELLING-HOUSE, No. 65, Cornua-
 e.g. Market-street. Apply to Mr. COVENTRY, at**

RENT, furnished, for one month, Newland's BOARDING PARANATITE, within fifteen minutes' walk of Neway Station, now in the occupation of Thomas J. BAKER. For particulars apply to Mr. JOHN ROSE, auctioneer, Paramatta.

BAKERS—to LET, ROUSE and SHOP with Baker's Room, in Castlemore street South, near the Neway Station, the house contains a large kitchen with moderate rent to good tenant. Apply to Messrs. TARD and CURTIS, solicitors, 32, Hunter-street.

LET, that commodious and delightfully-situated RESIDENCE, with garden, containing 10 rooms, situated at No. 8, corner of Hunter and Macquarie streets, the residence of Mr. Justice Maaffrey. Apply to a. B. BAKER, George-street.

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My dear Mr. Clarendon,
I have your letter of the 10th inst.
and am glad to hear from you.
I will send you a copy of the
copy of the letter which I sent you
last week.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
J. H. B. WATKINS

P.S. The letter which I sent you
last week was by mistake.

Yours truly,
J. H. B. WATKINS

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Printed and Published by JOHN FAIRBairn and Sons,
Office of the Sydney Morning Herald, Pitt and Hunter
streets, November 28th, 1894.